City of Sullivan, Missouri

Annual Financial Statements

For The Year Ended September 30, 2022

TABLE OF CONTENTS

FINANCIAL SECTION:	Pages
Independent Auditors' Report	1-3
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4a-4f
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis	5 6
Fund Financial Statements:	
Statement of Assets, Liabilities, and Fund Balances - Modified Cash Basis - Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Statement of Assets, Liabilities, and Fund Balances - Modified Cash Basis - Governmental Funds to	7
the Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -	8
Modified Cash Basis - Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Modified Cash Basis - Governmental Funds to	9
the Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis - Proprietary Funds	10 11
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position - Modified Cash Basis - Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows - Modified Cash Basis - Proprietary Funds Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds	12 13 14
Notes to Financial Statements	15-28
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Capital Improvement Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Elmont Overpass Fund Notes to Supplementary Information Combining Statement of Assatz, Lightities, and Fund Balances	29 30 31 32
Combining Statement of Assets, Liabilities, and Fund Balances - Modified Cash Basis - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Balances -	33
Modified Cash Basis - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	34
FEDERAL COMPLIANCE SECTION:	
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an audit of the Financial Statements Performed In Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i> Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	35-36 37-38
Schedule of Resolution of Prior Year Audit Findings	38

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Alderman City of Sullivan, Missouri

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Sullivan, Missouri, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective modified cash basis financial position of the governmental activities the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Sullivan, Missouri, as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in modified cash basis financial position, and where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Sullivan, Missouri, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter—Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 1 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1, and for determining that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Sullivan, Missouri's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Sullivan, Missouri's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison schedules and related notes, and combining governmental fund financial statements but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 8, 2022, on our consideration of the City of Sullivan, Missouri's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Sullivan, Missouri's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Sullivan, Missouri's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Fick, Eggemeyer & Williamson

Fick, Eggemeyer & Williamson, CPA's Saint Louis, Missouri December 8, 2022

City of Sullivan Management's Discussion and Analysis

September 30, 2022

As management of the City of Sullivan, Missouri (the "City"), we offer readers of the City's financial statement this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal. All amounts, unless otherwise indicated, are expressed in thousands of dollars. Please read it in conjunction with the financial statements.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report is presented in a format consistent with the presentation requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34. GASB Statement 34 implements a new model of financial reporting for state and local governments designed to enhance the usefulness of the City's annual report.

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the City as a whole and present a longer-term view of the City's finances. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the City's most significant funds. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which the City acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the government.

Reporting the City as a Whole

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The assets of the City of Sullivan exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$58,243,625 (net position). Of this amount, \$25,208,744 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AND THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

One of the most important questions asked about the City's finances is, "Is the City as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities both report information about the City as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the modified cash basis of accounting, which is commonly used by government agencies.

These two statements report the City's net position and changes in them. You can think of the City's net position - the difference between assets and liabilities - as one way to measure the City's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. You will need to consider other non-financial factors however, such as changes in the City's property tax base and the condition of the City's roads, to assess the overall health of the City.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we divide the City into two kinds of activities:

- Governmental activities Most of the City's basic services are reported here, including the police, general administration, streets, and parks departments. Sales taxes, property taxes, franchise fees, state and federal grants finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities The City charges a fee to customers to help it cover all or most of the cost of certain services it provides. The City's electric, water and sewer, and solid waste systems are reported here.

Reporting the City's Most Significant Funds

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the City as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by state law and by bond covenants. However, the Board of Aldermen establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money (like grants received from federal and state governments). The City has two kinds of funds, governmental and proprietary.

- Governmental funds Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in a reconciliation to the side of the fund financial statements.
- *Proprietary funds* When the City charges customers for the services it provides whether to outside customers or to other units of the City these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. In fact, the City's enterprise funds (a component of proprietary funds) are the same as the business-type activities we report in the government-wide statements but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows, for proprietary funds.

THE CITY AS TRUSTEE

The City is the trustee or fiduciary of funds that are often used to account for assets that are held in a trustee or fiduciary capacity such as pension plan assets, assets held per trust agreements and similar arrangements. The City has custodial responsibilities for one agency fund. The municipal court bond fund accounts for court bonds held for individuals awaiting court dates and monies collected for fines. We exclude these activities from the City's other financial statements because the City cannot use these assets to finance its operation. The City is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

THE CITY AS A WHOLE

The City's combined net position increased by 6.78% or \$3,700,730 from 2021 to 2022. (See figure 1)

Figure 1
City of Sullivan, Missouri
Condensed Statement of Net Position
Modified Cash Basis

		Governmental Activities			Busine		Total					
	Acur	Mue	es	Activities					1 Otal			
	2022		2021		2022		2021		2022		2021	
Assets			_				_					
Current and other assets	\$ 13,343,117	\$	13,143,336	\$	18,715,633	\$	16,502,215	\$	32,058,750	\$	29,645,551	
Noncurrent assets	16,710,606		17,543,215		12,571,327		13,428,187		29,281,933		30,971,402	
Total assets	30,053,723		30,686,551		31,286,960		29,930,402		61,340,683		60,616,953	
Liabilities												
Current liabilities	361,058		2,861,058		467,000		442,000		828,058		3,303,058	
Long-term liabilities	-		-		2,269,000		2,771,000		2,269,000		2,771,000	
Total liabilities	361,058		2,861,058		2,736,000		3,213,000		3,097,058		6,074,058	
Net position												
Net investment in capital assets	16,710,606		17,543,215		9,835,327		10,215,187		26,545,933		27,758,402	
Restricted	6,488,948		3,534,724		-		-		6,488,948		3,534,724	
Unrestricted	6,493,111		6,747,554		18,715,633		16,502,215		25,208,744		23,249,769	
Total net position	\$ 29,692,665	\$	27,825,493	\$	28,550,960	\$	26,717,402	\$	58,243,625	\$	54,542,895	

The largest portion of the City's net position is in its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, infrastructure, and other), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; therefore, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Figure 2
City of Sullivan, Missouri - Changes in Net Position - Modified Cash Basis

	Govern	me	ntal	Busine	ss]	Гуре				
	Acti	vitie	es	Activ	vitie	es	T	otal		
	2022		2021	2022		2021	 2022		2021	
Revenues										
Program revenues										
Charges for services	\$ 996,338	\$	822,183	\$ 14,313,021	\$	13,036,903	\$ 15,309,359	\$	13,859,086	
Capital grants & contributions	767,014		1,727,255	15,000		-	782,014		1,727,255	
General revenues										
Property taxes	449,070		446,191	-		-	449,070		446,191	
Sales tax	4,341,424		4,077,520	-		-	4,341,424		4,077,520	
Motor fuel tax	212,681		187,928	-		-	212,681		187,928	
Investment income	60,277		94,850	48,982		108,402	109,259		203,252	
Gain on sale of asset	25,934		9,925	-		-	25,934		9,925	
Miscellaneous	264,011		244,072	 -		11,589	 264,011		255,661	
Total revenues	 7,116,749		7,609,924	 14,377,003		13,156,894	 21,493,752		20,766,818	
Expenses										
Administrative and general	1,178,827		1,595,508	-		-	1,178,827		1,595,508	
Police	2,636,714		2,491,311	-		-	2,636,714		2,491,311	
Judicial	67,527		68,426	-		-	67,527		68,426	
Animal control	71,163		64,742	-		-	71,163		64,742	
Streets	1,447,708		1,569,361	-		-	1,447,708		1,569,361	
Airport	347,072		293,798	-		-	347,072		293,798	
Culture and recreation	999,705		1,016,873	-		-	999,705		1,016,873	
Electric	-		-	7,703,499		10,823,876	7,703,499		10,823,876	
Water and sewer	-		-	2,906,287		2,770,125	2,906,287		2,770,125	
Solid waste	-			434,520		422,869	 434,520		422,869	
Total expenses	6,748,716		7,100,019	 11,044,306		14,016,870	 17,793,022		21,116,889	
Change in net position	368,033		509,905	3,332,697		(859,976)	3,700,730		(350,071)	
Transfers	1,499,139		1,408,622	(1,499,139)		(1,408,622)	-		-	
Net position, beginning of year	 27,825,493		25,906,966	 26,717,402		28,986,000	54,542,895		54,892,966	
Net position, end of year	\$ 29,692,665	\$	27,825,493	\$ 28,550,960	\$	26,717,402	\$ 58,243,625	\$	54,542,895	

FY2022 total revenues exceeded total expenditures by \$3,700,730. The City's revenue from sales tax increased by 6.5% or \$263,904.

Governmental Activities

To aid in the understanding of the Statement of Activities, some additional explanation is given. Of particular interest is the format that is significantly different than a typical Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Balance. You will notice that expenses are listed in the first column with revenues from that particular program reported to the right. The result is a Net (Expense)/Revenue. The reason for this kind of format is to highlight the relative financial burden of each of the functions on the City's taxpayers. It also identifies how much each function draws from the general revenues or if it is self-financing through fees and grants or contributions. All other governmental revenues are reported as general. It is important to note that all taxes are classified as general revenue even if restricted for a specific purpose.

Business-type Activities

Charges for services still represent 99% of the revenues of the business-type activities. The Sullivan Municipal Utilities expenses are primarily from the electric system (71% or \$7,703,499). This is due to the inclusion of the cost of power purchased for resale in the electric system expenses.

THE CITY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the City used fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Government funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, the unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Proprietary funds. The focus of the City's proprietary (enterprise) funds is to provide the same type of information as found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Over the course of the year, the Board of Alderman modified the General Fund budget as needed but only among line items.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

CAPITAL ASSETS

At the end of September 30, 2022, the City had \$29 million invested in capital assets including buildings, park facilities, police equipment, and electric, water, and sewer lines. This is a 5.45% decrease from FY2021. (See the following table)

	Govern	ımental	Busine	ss-type				
	Activ	vities	Activ	vities	Total			
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021		
Land and construction in progress	\$ 3,052,713	\$ 3,058,504	\$ 551,266	\$ 808,044	\$ 3,603,979	\$ 3,866,548		
Buildings and improvements	2,937,536	3,084,438	484,563	227,072	3,422,099	3,311,510		
Vehicles	177,071	279,825	343,267	538,510	520,338	818,335		
Furniture and fixtures	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Equipment	755,377	735,135	281,053	374,967	1,036,430	1,110,102		
Infrastructure	9,787,909	10,385,313	10,911,178	11,479,594	20,699,087	21,864,907		
Total	\$ 16,710,606	\$ 17,543,215	\$ 12,571,327	\$ 13,428,187	\$ 29,281,933	\$ 30,971,402		

Current year capital asset additions include:

West Main Street Sidewalk	\$ 80,232	Street
Airport New Hangars	26,435	Airport
Aluminum vertical platform	12,092	Street
2022 Defender UTV	17,660	Street
2022 Takeuchi TB250-2CR	61,700	Street
Pool liner	111,573	Parks
Pre-engineered building	28,892	Electric
Pump NP275-4 Thatcher Lift Station	23,434	Water
	\$ 362,018	=

DEBT

At year-end, the City had a long-term debt of \$2,736,000, a decrease of \$477,000 from FY2021.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The City considered several factors while developing the fiscal year 2021-2022 budget and in establishing fee structures. The budget for the new fiscal year reflects the City's continued fiscally conservative position that was instituted during the earlier economic downturn.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the City Clerk's office at 210 West Washington, Sullivan, MO, or telephone at (573) 468-4612.

CITY OF SULLIVAN, MISSOURI STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

ASSETS	G	overnmental Activities	В	usiness-Type Activities	Total		
Current assets		7 tett vittes	-	1 tett vittes		10111	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	10,343,372	\$	7,905,943	\$	18,249,315	
Certificates of deposit	,	2,999,745	•	7,797,408	•	10,797,153	
Investments		-		27,593		27,593	
Accounts receivable (net of allowance)		_		2,623,195		2,623,195	
Interfund receivable		-		361,494		361,494	
Total current assets		13,343,117		18,715,633		32,058,750	
Noncurrent assets							
Capital assets, net of depreciation		16,710,606		12,571,327		29,281,933	
Total noncurrent assets		16,710,606		12,571,327		29,281,933	
Total assets	\$	30,053,723	\$	31,286,960	\$	61,340,683	
LIABILITIES							
Current liabilities							
Interfund payable	\$	361,058	\$	-	\$	361,058	
Current portion of long-term liabilities		-		467,000		467,000	
Total current liabilities		361,058		467,000		828,058	
Noncurrent liabilities							
Bonds payable		_		2,269,000		2,269,000	
Total noncurrent liabilities				2,269,000		2,269,000	
Total liabilities	\$	361,058	\$	2,736,000	\$	3,097,058	
NET POSITION							
Net investment in capital assets	\$	16,710,606	\$	9,835,327	\$	26,545,933	
Restricted for:	Ψ	10,710,000	Ψ	7,055,527	Ψ	20,5 15,555	
Capital improvements		4,432,365		-		4,432,365	
ARPA funds		1,438,126		-		1,438,126	
Motor fuel tax		529,355		-		529,355	
Public safety		33,625		-		33,625	
MODAG		55,477		-		55,477	
Unrestricted		6,493,111		18,715,633		25,208,744	
Total net position	\$	29,692,665	\$	28,550,960	\$	58,243,625	

CITY OF SULLIVAN, MISSOURI STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Net (Expenses) Revenues and Program Revenues Changes in Net Position Fees, Fines and Operating Capital **Primary Government** Charges for Grants and Grants and Governmental Business-Type FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS Services Contributions Contributions Activities Expenses Activities Total Primary government Governmental activities \$ Administrative and general 1,178,827 \$ 388,708 \$ 767,014 \$ \$ (23,105)\$ (23,105)2,636,714 134,154 (2,502,560)(2,502,560)Police Judicial 67,527 58,019 (9.508)(9.508)Animal control 71,163 2,310 (68,853)(68,853)Streets 1,447,708 2,602 (1,445,106)(1,445,106)Airport 347,072 325,485 (21,587)(21,587)Culture and recreation 999,705 85,060 (914,645)(914,645)Total governmental activities 6,748,716 996,338 767,014 (4,985,364)(4,985,364) Business-type activities Electric 7,703,499 10,629,373 2,925,874 2,925,874 Water and sewer 2,906,287 3,238,913 15,000 347,626 347,626 Solid waste 434,520 444,735 10,215 10,215 11,044,306 14,313,021 15,000 3,283,715 3,283,715 Total business-type activities 15,309,359 782,014 (4,985,364) 3,283,715 Total primary government 17,793,022 (1,701,649)General revenues Taxes 449,070 449,070 Property tax Sales tax 4,341,424 4,341,424 Motor fuel tax 212,681 212,681 Investment income 60,277 48,982 109,259 Miscellaneous 264,011 264,011 Gain on sale of asset 25,934 25,934 Transfers between funds 1,499,139 (1,499,139)5,402,379 Total general revenue and transfers 6,852,536 (1,450,157)Changes in net position 1.867,172 1,833,558 3,700,730 Net position - beginning 27,825,493 26,717,402 54,542,895 29,692,665 28,550,960 58,243,625 Net position - ending \$

CITY OF SULLIVAN, MISSOURI STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND FUND BALANCES MODIFIED CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

			M	Iajor Funds			No			
							Other			
			Ca	oital Projects	El	Elmont Overpass		vernmental		
	Ge	General Fund		Fund		Fund		Funds		Total
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,143,663	\$	2,226,455	\$	1,251,600	\$	618,457	\$	10,240,175
Certificates of deposit		1,910,905		1,088,840		-		-		2,999,745
Interfund receivable		25,466		156,443		-		-		181,909
Total assets	\$	8,080,034	\$	3,471,738	\$	1,251,600	\$	618,457	\$	13,421,829
LIABILITIES										
Interfund payable	\$	251,994	\$	40,973	\$	250,000	\$	_	\$	542,967
Total liabilities	<u> </u>	251,994	Ψ	40,973	Ψ	250,000	Ψ	-	Ψ	542,967
FUND BALANCES										
Restricted for:										
Capital improvements		_		3,430,765		1,001,600		_		4,432,365
ARPA funds		1,438,126		-		-		_		1,438,126
Motor fuel tax		-		_		_		529,355		529,355
Public safety		_		_		_		33,625		33,625
MODAG		_		_		_		55,477		55,477
Unassigned		6,389,914		_		_		-		6,389,914
Total fund balances		7,828,040		3,430,765		1,001,600		618,457		12,878,862
	\$	8,080,034	\$	3,471,738	\$	1,251,600	\$	618,457	\$	13,421,829

CITY OF SULLIVAN, MISSOURI RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Total fund balance - total governmental funds	\$ 12,878,862
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets, net of depreciation, used in governmental activities are not financial resources, and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds statement of assets, liabilities, and fund	
balance - modified cash basis.	16,710,606
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the cost of certain activities such as health insurance and municipal utilities to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included	
in governmental activities in the government-wide statement of net position	103,197
Net position of governmental activities per the statement of net	

\$ 29,692,665

position - modified cash basis - government wide

CITY OF SULLIVAN, MISSOURI STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

			Ma	ajor Funds				najor Funds		
			Con	ital Projects	Elm	ont Overness		Other ernmental		
REVENUES	Ge	neral Fund	•		EIII	Elmont Overpass Fund		Funds		Total
Property tax	\$	449,070	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	449,070
Sales tax	-	1,963,355	*	981,677	-	981,677	*	414,716	*	4,341,425
Motor fuel taxes		-		-		-		212,681		212,681
Grant income		767.014		_		_		-		767,014
Charges for services		604,029		_		_		_		604,029
Rental income		134,429		_		_		_		134,429
Investment income		44,921		7,850		7,506		_		60,277
Licenses and permits		96,864		-		-		_		96,864
Miscellaneous		366,103		_		88,046		2,602		456,751
Total revenues		4,425,785		989,527		1,077,229		629,999		7,122,540
EXPENDITURES										
Current										
Administrative and general		1,044,883		87,165		88,222		_		1,220,270
Police		2,206,038		-		-		300,949		2,506,987
Judicial		67,527		_		_		500,515		67,527
Animal control		70,257		_		_		_		70,257
Streets		424,991		_		_		72,701		497,692
Airport		208,057		_		_		72,701		208,057
Culture and recreation		803,365		_		_		_		803,365
Capital outlay		49,138		331,620		300,000		_		680,758
Total expenditures		4,874,256		418,785		388,222		373,650		6,054,913
Excess (deficiency) of revenue										
over expenditures		(448,471)		570,742		689,007		256,349		1,067,627
over expenditures		(440,471)		370,742		009,007		230,349		1,007,027
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers between funds		1,499,139		-		=		-		1,499,139
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,499,139		-		-		-		1,499,139
Net changes in fund balances		1,050,668		570,742		689,007		256,349		2,566,766
Fund balances - beginning	-	6,777,372	-	2,860,023		312,593		362,108		10,312,096
Fund balances - ending	\$	7,828,040	\$	3,430,765	\$	1,001,600	\$	618,457	\$	12,878,862

CITY OF SULLIVAN, MISSOURI RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ 2,566,766

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities - modified cash basis are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities - modified cash basis, the cost of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period.

(826,818)

Disposal of capital assets

Disposals (5,791)

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as health insurance and municipal utilities, to individual funds. The net profit (loss) of the internal service funds is reported in net with the governmental activities

133,015

Change in net position of governmental activities per the statement of activities - modified cash basis - government wide

\$ 1,867,172

CITY OF SULLIVAN, MISSOURI STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS PROPRIETARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

									Gov	ernmental
				Business-Ty	ре Ас	tivities			Α	ctivities
			V	Vater and		Solid			Inter	nal Service
	Electric 1	Fund	Se	ewer Fund	W	aste Fund		Total		Funds
ASSETS								_		
Current assets										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,479	,928	\$	3,283,176	\$	142,839	\$	7,905,943	\$	103,197
Certificates of deposit	7,267	,929		529,479		=		7,797,408		=
Investments		-		27,593		-		27,593		-
Accounts receivable (net of allowance)	1,998	,953		549,276		74,966		2,623,195		-
Interfund receivable	250	,000		111,494		-		361,494		
Total current assets	13,996	,810		4,501,018		217,805		18,715,633		103,197
Noncurrent assets										
Capital assets, net of depreciation	747	,123		11,824,204		_		12,571,327		_
Total noncurrent assets		,123		11,824,204				12,571,327		_
Total assets	\$ 14,743			16,325,222	\$	217,805	\$	31,286,960	\$	103,197
Total assets	Ψ 1.,,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Ψ.	10,020,222	Ψ	217,000	4	21,200,200		100,177
LIABILITIES										
Current liabilities										
Current portion of bonds payable	\$	-	\$	467,000	\$		\$	467,000	\$	=
Total current liabilities				467,000				467,000		-
Noncurrent liabilities										
Bonds payable		_		2,269,000		_		2,269,000		_
Total noncurrent liabilities				2,269,000				2,269,000		
Total liabilities	\$		\$	2,736,000	\$	-	\$	2,736,000	\$	-
NET POSITION										
NET POSITION	¢ 745	122	¢	0.000.204	¢		¢	0.925.227	¢	
Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted		,123	\$	9,088,204	\$	217 905	\$	9,835,327	\$	102 107
	13,996		•	4,501,018	•	217,805	•	18,715,633	•	103,197
Total net position	\$ 14,743	,933	D	13,589,222	\$	217,805	3	28,550,960	\$	103,197

CITY OF SULLIVAN, MISSOURI STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

		Business-Ty	pe Activities		Governmental Activities
		Water and	Solid		Internal Service
	Electric Fund	Sewer Fund	Waste Fund	Total	Funds
OPERATING REVENUES					
Charges for services	\$ 10,355,897	\$ 3,190,279	\$ 444,735	\$ 13,990,911	\$ -
Interfund services provided	273,476	48,634		322,110	1,844,893
Total operating revenues	10,629,373	3,238,913	444,735	14,313,021	1,844,893
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Personnel	619,135	491,803	_	1,110,938	360,736
Power purchases	6,191,729	203,343	_	6,395,072	-
Commodities	362,562	808,097	_	1,170,659	89,967
Contractual services	376,876	511,079	351,676	1,239,631	1,259,962
Interfund charges	-	-	82,844	82,844	1,213
Depreciation	153,197	755,989	-	909,186	91
Total operating expenses	7,703,499	2,770,311	434,520	10,908,330	1,711,969
Operating income (loss)	2,925,874	468,602	10,215	3,404,691	132,924
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Interest income	45,072	3,910	_	48,982	-
Grant income	-	15,000	_	15,000	_
Interest expense	-	(135,976)	-	(135,976)	-
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	45,072	(117,066)		(71,994)	
Changes in net position before transfers	2,970,946	351,536	10,215	3,332,697	132,924
Transfers between funds	(1,499,139)			(1,499,139)	
Change in net position	1,471,807	351,536	10,215	1,833,558	132,924
Net position - beginning	13,272,126	13,237,686	207,590	26,717,402	(29,727)
Net position - ending	\$ 14,743,933	\$ 13,589,222	\$ 217,805	\$ 28,550,960	\$ 103,197

CITY OF SULLIVAN, MISSOURI STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

		ъ : т	A		Governmental
		Water and	pe Activities Solid		Activities Internal Service
				T . 1	
CACH ELONG EDOM ODED ATTDIC ACTIVITIES	Electric Fund	Sewer Fund	Waste Fund	Total	Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	# 10 22 C 00 Z	A 2 250 704	Φ 442.022	Ø 14 040 531	0 1 0 4 4 0 0 2
Cash received from customers	\$ 10,336,905	\$ 3,259,704	\$ 443,922	\$ 14,040,531	\$ 1,844,893
Cash paid to suppliers	(4,635,454)	(1,690,899)	(434,520)	(6,760,873)	(1,466,097)
Cash paid to employees	(414,848)	(323,423)		(738,271)	(245,781)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	5,286,603	1,245,382	9,402	6,541,387	133,015
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL					
FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Transfers between funds	(1,499,139)	-	-	(1,499,139)	-
Grant income	-	15,000	_	15,000	_
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	(1,499,139)	15,000		(1,484,139)	
CACH ELOWCEROM CARITAL AND RELATED					
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED					
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(477,000)		(477,000)	
Principal payments on borrowings	-	(477,000)	-	(477,000)	-
Interest paid on borrowings	- (20.000)	(135,976)	-	(135,976)	=
Purchases of capital assets	(28,892)	(23,434)		(52,326)	
Net cash provided (used) by capital and	(=0.00=)				
related financing activities	(28,892)	(636,410)		(665,302)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Interest income	45,072	3,910	-	48,982	-
Purchase of investments	(1,295,000)	(1,864)	-	(1,296,864)	-
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	(1,249,928)	2,046		(1,247,882)	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	2,508,644	626,018	9,402	3,144,064	133,015
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year	1,971,284	2,657,158	133,437	4,761,879	(29,818)
Cash and cash equivalents - end of year	\$ 4,479,928	\$ 3,283,176	\$ 142,839	\$ 7,905,943	\$ 103,197
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:					
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)	\$ 2,925,874	\$ 468,602	\$ 10,215	\$ 3,404,691	\$ 132,924
to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:					
Depreciation expense	153,197	755,989	-	909,186	91
Change in assets and liabilities		,		,	
Accounts receivable	(292,468)	20,791	(813)	(272,490)	_
Interfund receivable	2,500,000	,	-	2,500,000	_
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 5,286,603	\$ 1,245,382	\$ 9,402	\$ 6,541,387	\$ 133,015
1.55 table provided (about) by operating activities	\$ 5,200,003	\$ 1,213,30Z	<u> </u>	\$ 0,5 11,507	<u> </u>

CITY OF SULLIVAN, MISSOURI STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Agency Fund		
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,801	
Total assets	\$	3,801	
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION			
LIABILITIES			
Interfund balance	\$	436	
Total liabilities	\$	436	
NET POSITION			
Held in trust for pension benefits and other purposes	\$	3,365	
Total net position	\$	3,365	

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Sullivan, Missouri (the "City"), operates under a Mayor-Board of Aldermen form of government and provides the following services: public safety (police), streets, sanitation, culture and recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, general administrative services, utility operations and airport operations.

These financial statements are presented on a modified cash basis of accounting. The modified cash basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the City are discussed below:

Reporting Entity

These financial statements present the City (the primary government). The City does not have any component units. As defined by GASB No. 14, component units are legally separate entities that are included in the reporting entity because of the significance of their operating or financial relationships with the City.

Modified Cash Basis

In the government-wide statement of net position – modified cash basis and statement of activities – modified cash basis, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using a modified cash basis of accounting. This basis recognizes assets, liabilities, net position/fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses when they result from cash transactions with a provision for depreciation in the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund statements. This basis is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As a result of the use of this modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

The modifications to the cash basis include certificates of deposit, investments, proprietary fund customer accounts receivable, capital assets, interfund balances, and bonds payable.

Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position – Modified Cash Basis and Statement of Activities – Modified Cash Basis report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the City. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. The focus of fund financial statements is on major funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual proprietary funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the City or meets the following criteria:

- A. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or proprietary fund are at least ten percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- B. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund or proprietary fund are at least five percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and proprietary funds combined.
- C. Or, it is specifically designated by the City as a major fund.

Fund Accounting - Financial activities of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. The funds of the financial reporting entity are described below:

Governmental Funds

General Fund

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City and is always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds.

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expend funds for certain purposes.

Capital Project Funds

Capital Project funds are used to account for the financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlay, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. The City's capital project funds include Capital Projects and Elmont Overpass funds.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds are used to account for business-type activities provided to the general public. These activities are financed primarily by user charges, and the measurement of financial activity focuses on net income measurement similar to the private sector. The City's major enterprise funds include the Electric, Water and Sewer and Solid Waste Funds.

Internal Service Fund

Internal service funds are used to account for activities that provide goods or services to other funds, departments, or agencies of the primary government, or to other governments, on a cost reimbursement basis. The City has two internal services funds: Employee Health Benefits and Sullivan Municipal Utilities.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, other governments and/or other funds. The reporting entity includes the following fiduciary funds: Municipal Court Bond and Deferred Compensation Plan.

Governmental Fund Balances

Fund balance is the difference between assets and liabilities in a Governmental Fund. In accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Government Fund Type Definitions, the following types of fund balances are presented in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet:

Nonspendable - the portion of a Governmental Fund's balance that is not available to be spent, either short term or long term, in either form or through legal restrictions. There were no nonspendable fund balances as of September 30, 2022.

Restricted - the portion of a Governmental Fund's balance that is subject to external enforceable legal restrictions by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors or other governments; or are imposed by law. The following accounts fund balance is reported in the General, Capital Projects, Elmont Overpass, Motor Fuel Tax, Public Safety and MODAG.

Committed - the portion of a Governmental Fund's balance sheet that represents amounts that can be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal actions of the Board. There were no committed fund balances as of September 30, 2022.

Assigned - the portion of a Governmental Fund's balance sheet that represents amounts the City intends to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. There were no assigned fund balances as of September 30, 2022.

Unassigned - available expendable financial resources in a governmental fund that are not designated for a specific purpose. This is the residual classification of the General Fund. Other governmental funds might report a negative balance in this classification, as the result of overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned. The following accounts comprises the unassigned fund balance: General and Elmont Overpass.

The City uses restricted amounts first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available, unless there are legal contracts that prohibit doing this.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets represents the cost of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balance of any long-term debt used to build or acquire the capital assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on the use of assets, either through enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. All other net position is reported as unrestricted.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "how" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

In the government-wide Statement of net position - modified cash basis and the statement of activities - modified cash basis, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus, within the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting.

Governmental activities and business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements and the governmental funds' financial statements are presented on the modified cash basis of accounting. Accordingly, all governmental fund revenue is recognized and recorded when cash is received, proprietary fund revenue is recorded when it becomes measurable and available and expenditures are recognized and recorded when checks are written. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or within sixty days after year-end.

Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

The City considers all demand and savings accounts and certificates of deposit with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash and cash equivalents.

Certificates of deposit held at local banks with an original maturity of more than three months are valued at cost and labeled as certificates of deposit in the financial statements.

Investments held in brokerage accounts are carried at fair value and labeled as investments in the financial statements. Fair value is based on quoted market prices. Additional cash and investment disclosures are presented in the following notes.

Common Bank Account

Separate bank accounts are not maintained for all City funds, instead, certain funds maintain their uninvested cash balances in a common checking account with accounting records being maintained to show the portion of the common bank account balance attributable to each participating fund.

Occasionally, certain funds participating in the common bank account will incur overdrafts (deficits) in the account. The overdrafts result from expenditures, which have been approved by Board of Aldermen. As of September 30, 2022, there were no funds that had an overdraft balance.

Receivables

Customer accounts receivable consists of amounts owed from private individuals or organizations for goods and services. As of September 30, 2022, net utility receivables include an allowance for doubtful accounts of \$1,980,000.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

<u>Interfund Receivables and Payables</u>

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Those related to goods and services type transactions are classified as "due to and from other funds." Short-term interfund loans are reported as "interfund receivables and payables." Long-term interfund loans (noncurrent portion) would be reported as "advances from and to other funds." Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the statement of net position - modified cash basis.

Program Revenues

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally designated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

Operating and Non-Operating Revenues and Expenses - Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating items*. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's proprietary funds are charges to customers for services. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Capital Assets

The accounting treatment for property, plant, and equipment (capital assets) depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

Government-wide Statements

In the government-wide financial statements, capital assets are defined as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$10,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. All capital assets are valued at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated capital assets, which are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation.

Estimated historical cost was used to value the majority of the assets acquired prior to September 30, 2005. Prior to July 1, 2002, governmental funds' infrastructure assets were not capitalized when purchased; however, they have been valued and recorded at estimated historical cost.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Class	Useful Lives
Building	25 - 50 years
Improvements	10 - 50 years
Machinery and equipment	3 - 20 years
Utility system	25 - 50 years
Infrastructure	25 - 50 years

Long-Term Liabilities

The accounting treatment of long-term liabilities depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term liabilities to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. Consistent with the modified cash basis of accounting, long-term liabilities only consist of bonds payable.

Long-term liabilities for governmental funds are not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payments of principal and interest are reported as expenditures. The accounting for proprietary funds is the same in the fund financial statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

Interfund Transfers

Permanent reallocations of resources between funds of the reporting entity are classified as interfund transfers. For the purposes of the statement of activities - modified cash basis, all interfund transfers between individual governmental funds have been eliminated.

Statement of Cash Flows

For purposes of the proprietary fund's statement of cash flows, the City considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Compensated Absences

The City's policy regarding paid time off permits employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation leave. Upon termination of employment, the City will pay the employee all vacation time accrued and 50% of the sick time, not to exceed 480 hours. Compensated absences are accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds in the fund financial statements only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. The balance has not been recorded in the financial statements as it is not a modification to the cash basis.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of basic financial statements in conformity with a comprehensive basis of accounting other than U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires the City to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts in the basic financial statements and the accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and, natural disasters. The City has established an employee health benefits fund (an internal service fund) to account for the City's comprehensive health plan providing medical and prescription drug coverage for the benefit of eligible employees and their eligible dependents.

The costs associated with this self-insurance plan are reported as interfund transactions. Accordingly, they are treated as operating revenues of the employee health benefits fund and operating expenditures (expenses) of the other funds. Claims payable include provisions for claims incurred, but not reported. The provision for claims incurred, but not yet reported, is computed by the City's third party administrator based on historical data. The liability has not been recorded in the financial statements.

The City continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The primary objectives, in priority order, of the City's investment policy shall be safety, liquidity, and yield. The City is authorized to invest in, among other things, United States treasury securities, United States agency securities, repurchase agreements and collateralized public deposits. During 2022, the City had investments in certificates of deposit, interest-bearing checking and savings accounts, and guaranteed investment contracts.

The guaranteed investment contracts are on deposit with United Missouri Bank. Fair market value approximates cost as the City has a pro-rata share of the fund. These deposits are held in trust accounts for the Combined Waterworks and Sewerage System Revenue Bonds debt service accounts. The City's funds are invested under the State Revolving Fund Program and are required to be collateralized in the amount of 100% of the value of the investment.

Deposits and investments are subject to various risks, the following of which are considered the most significant:

Custodial Credit Risk: In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may be lost. The City's investment policy requires all certificates of deposit plus any demand deposits with the financial institution, less the amount insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, to be secured by collateral with a market value equal to at least 103% of the deposits. At September 30, 2022, the City's bank balance was fully insured and collateralized.

For investments, this is the risk that, in the event of a failure of the counterparty to an investment transaction (typically a broker-dealer), the City would not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City's investment policy requires all repurchase agreements to be secured by collateral with a market value equal to at least 103% of the investment.

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Credit Risk: This is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The City will minimize credit risk by pre-qualifying the financial institutions, broker/dealers, intermediaries, and advisors with which the City will do business and by diversifying the portfolio so that potential losses on individual securities will be minimized.

Interest Rate Risk: This is the risk of potential variability in the fair value of fixed rate investments resulting from changes in interest rates (the longer the period for which an interest rate is fixed, the greater the risk). According to the City's investment policy, the City will minimize the interest rate risk by:

- Structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities on the open market prior to maturity.
- Investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities.
- Investing bond proceeds with maturities that match expected disbursements.

NOTE 4 - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The Financial Accounting Standards Board establishes a framework for measuring fair value. That framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described below:

Level 1- Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the City has the ability to access.

Level 2- Inputs to the valuation methodology include:

- Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets;
- Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets;
- Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability;
- Inputs that are derived from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

Level 3- Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

Following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for assets measured at fair value. There have been no changes in the methodologies used at September 30, 2022.

Fixed income: Valued at cost which approximates fair value.

The methods described above may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. Furthermore, while the City believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent, the use of different methodologies to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date.

NOTE 4 - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (continued)

	I	Level 1	Level 2		Level 2 Level 3		Total	
Fixed Income	\$	-	\$	27,593	\$	-	\$	27,593
Total at fair value	\$	-	\$	27,593	\$	-	\$	27,593

NOTE 5 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of December 31. Taxes are levied approximately October 1 and are payable by December 31. The county collects the property tax and remits it to the City. The assessed valuation of the tangible real, tangible personal and public utility property for the calendar year 2021 for purposes of local taxation was \$94,599,667. The tax levy per \$100 of the assessed valuation of tangible taxable property for the calendar year 2021 for purposes of local taxation was \$0.3988.

NOTE 6 - EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLANS

Plan Description

The City participates in the Missouri Local Government Employees Retirement System (LAGERS), an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system that acts as a common investment and administrative agent for local government entities in Missouri. LAGERS is a defined benefit pension plan which provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries.

LAGERS was created and is governed by state statute, Section RSMo 70.600-70.755. As such, it is the system's responsibility to administer the law in accordance with the expressed intent of the General Assembly. The plan is qualified under the Internal Revenue Code Section 401 (a) and it is tax-exempt.

LAGERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and supplemental information. That report may be obtained by writing to LAGERS, P.O. Box 1665, Jefferson City, MO 65102, or by calling 1-800-447-4334.

Funding Policy

Full-time employees contribute 0.0% of their gross pay to the pension plan. The June 30th statutorily required contribution rate is 10.88% (general) of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members are determined by the governing body of the City. The contribution provisions of the City are established by state statute. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the City contributed \$324,726 which was 81% of the actuarially determined contribution.

NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for governmental activities for the year ended September 30, 2022, was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balances	Increases	Decreases	Balances
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 3,058,504	\$ -	\$ 5,791	\$ 3,052,713
Total capital assets not being depreciated	3,058,504		5,791	3,052,713
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Building and improvements	4,934,935	26,434	-	4,961,369
Vehicles	1,446,960	-	62,883	1,384,077
Furniture and fixtures	43,911	-	-	43,911
Equipment	2,577,665	203,026	51,600	2,729,091
Infrastructure	24,250,712	80,232		24,330,944
Total capital assets being depreciated	33,254,183	309,692	114,483	33,449,392
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Building and improvements	1,850,497	173,336	-	2,023,833
Vehicles	1,167,135	102,754	62,883	1,207,006
Furniture and fixtures	43,911	-	-	43,911
Equipment	1,842,530	182,784	51,600	1,973,714
Infrastructure	13,865,399	677,636		14,543,035
Total accumulated depreciation	18,769,472	1,136,510	114,483	19,791,499
Capital assets being depreciated, net	14,484,711	(826,818)		13,657,893
Governmental activity capital assets, net	\$ 17,543,215	\$ (826,818)	\$ 5,791	\$ 16,710,606

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

Governmental activities:

Administrative and general	\$	59,330
Police		114,793
Animal control		906
Streets		639,838
Airport		125,304
Culture and recreation		196,339
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 1	,136,510

NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

Capital asset activity for business-type activities for the year ended September 30, 2022, was as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Business-type activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 551,266	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 551,266
Construction in progress	256,778	28,892	285,670	
Total capital assets not being depreciated	808,044	28,892	285,670	551,266
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Building and improvements	592,675	285,670	1,200	877,145
Vehicles	1,713,478	-	44,170	1,669,308
Equipment	2,642,805	23,434	10,945	2,655,294
Infrastructure	19,613,386	-	-	19,613,386
Total capital assets being depreciated	24,562,344	309,104	56,315	24,815,133
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Building and improvements	365,603	28,179	1,200	392,582
Vehicles	1,174,968	195,243	44,170	1,326,041
Equipment	2,267,838	117,348	10,945	2,374,241
Infrastructure	8,133,792	568,416		8,702,208
Total accumulated depreciation	11,942,201	909,186	56,315	12,795,072
Capital assets being depreciated, net	12,620,143	(600,082)		12,020,061
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 13,428,187	\$ (571,190)	\$ 285,670	\$ 12,571,327

Depreciation expense was charged to business-type activities as follows:

Business-type activities	
Electric	\$ 153,197
Water and sewer	 755,989
Total Business-type activities	\$ 909,186

NOTE 8 – PENDING LITIGATION

The City is not party to any litigation that, in the opinion of management, would have a material effect on the financial statements. However, any outstanding legal matters that arise would be handled by the City's insurance company.

NOTE 9 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES/TRANSFERS

The composition of interfund balances as of September 30, 2022, was as follows:

	Net Inter	Net Interfund Receivable		erfund Payable
General	\$	-	\$	226,528
Capital Projects		115,470		-
Elmont Overpass		-		250,000
Electric		250,000		-
Water and Sewer		111,494		-
Agency		-		436
	\$	476,964	\$	476,964

The interfund balances relate to amounts loaned among the funds that may or may not be expected to be repaid within the next year. Any debt due to other funds is shown on the respective government funds or proprietary funds balance sheet.

During the course of normal operations, the City has numerous transactions between funds to provide services, construct assets, service debt, etc. These transactions are generally reflected as transfers except for transactions reimbursing a fund for expenditures made by it for the benefit of another fund. Such transactions are recorded as expenditures in the disbursing fund and as a reduction of expenditures in the receiving fund. Transactions that would be treated as revenues or expenditures if they involve organizations external to the City are treated as revenues in the receiving fund and expenditures in the disbursing fund. Interfund transfers during the year ended September 30, 2022 were as follows:

	Transfer	rs from other funds	Transf	ers to other funds
General	\$	1,499,139	\$	-
Electric		-		1,499,139
	\$	1,499,139	\$	1,499,139

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended September 30, 2022, are as follows:

	Beginning				Ending	Due Within
Business-type activities:	Balance	Inc	reases	Decreases	Balance	One Year
Lease purchase agreement	\$3,108,000	\$	-	\$427,000	\$2,681,000	\$ 412,000
Series 2002B Revenue Bond	105,000		-	50,000	55,000	55,000
Total business-type activities	\$3,213,000	\$	-	\$477,000	\$2,736,000	\$ 467,000

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (continued)

Business-type Activities:

The City uses revenue bonds and lease purchase agreements to provide funds for acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. As of September 30, 2022, the City's outstanding balance of long-term debt in business-type funds consisted of the following:

\$7,395,000 lease purchase agreement with Missouri Association of Municipal Utilities, due in varying monthly installments through April 30, 2028; interest rate of 3.64%. Under this capital lease arrangement, costs of approximately \$7,030,000, less approximately \$1,757,000 of accumulated depreciation, are capitalized. The balance at September 30, 2022 was \$2,681,000.

\$700,000 City of Sullivan, Missouri, Combined Waterworks and Sewerage System Revenue Bonds, Series 2002B, due in varying annual installments through July 1, 2023; interest rates are variable from 2.05% to 5.00%. The balance at September 30, 2022 was \$55,000.

The annual requirements to amortize all debt outstanding as of September 30, 2022, are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 467,000	\$ 85,982	\$ 552,982
2024	465,000	74,899	539,899
2025	487,000	57,594	544,594
2026	509,000	39,500	548,500
2027	532,000	20,605	552,605
2028	276,000	2,945	278,945
Total	\$ 2,736,000	\$ 281,525	\$ 3,017,525

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation bonds a governmental entity may issue to 10% of its total assessed value. Based on a 2021 assessed value of \$94,599,667, the City's legal debt limit is \$9,459,967. The City has no general obligation debt.

NOTE 11 – LONG TERM CONTRACT

The City is a member of the Missouri Joint Municipal Electric Utility Commission (MJMEUC). MJMEUC manages a power pool known as Mid-Missouri Municipal Power Energy Pool ("MMMPEP"), of which the City is a member. All MMMPEP members (including the City) have an agreement (the "MMMPEP Agreement") with MJMEUC for the purchase of electric capacity and energy and transmission from MJMEUC. The MMMPEP Agreement requires MJMEUC to supply the full energy requirements of the City under the terms of a long term agreement.

NOTE 11 – LONG TERM CONTRACT (continued)

MMMPEP operations are governed by a committee ("Pool Committee") consisting of one representative from each MMMPEP member and is comprised of 12 members. The Pool Committee is charged with determining policy within the scope of the agreement; including setting rates for all services provided by MJMEUC to MMMPEP members. These rates must include recovery of all MJMEUC's costs incurred in connection with acquiring, providing, arranging or financing the provision of full requirements service to MMMPEP members. These rates include capacity and energy charges MJMEUC incurs under supply and transmission agreements and MJMEUC's related administrative costs.

The rates are established so as to charge each MMMPEP member its proportionate share of all costs associated with MJMEUC's performance under the MMMPEP Agreement. Charges based on such rates are assessed and billed monthly.

MJMEUC billed the MMMPEP members, based upon their pro-rata share and an estimated monthly usage, a total of \$2,098,522 to fund working capital for MMMPEP activities. This amount is expected to be refunded to the members at the conclusion of the contract term upon final settlement of all charges.

To meet the power and energy requirements of the City and the other MMMPEP members, MJMEUC presently obtains power and energy from the following resources: (i) power purchased under long-term firm energy contracts, unit-contingent energy contracts and interruptible contracts; and (ii) spot market purchases. The City purchases its full energy requirements from MJMEUC pursuant to the MMMPEP Agreement, but does not have any ownership interest in MJMEUC's resources.

In the event a MMMPEP member would cancel or default on the MMMPEP Agreement without first assigning its rights and interest to a new member accepted by MJMEUC, the member would remain responsible for the unavoidable costs owed by MJMEUC under supply and transmission service agreements, including its share of all remaining fixed costs and its share of must-take or minimum-take energy (MTE). If possible, MJMEUC would utilize or sell the member's MTE in exchange for providing the member a credit or offset equal to the fair value of the MTE up to the amount of the member's obligation. As a result, the member would have a financial obligation after cancellation or default in the event that the fair value of the MTE is less than the member's allocated share of MJMEUC's unavoidable costs with respect to the resource obligations at the time of cancellation or default. Since the amount of the canceling or defaulting member's obligation would depend on MJMEUC's unavoidable costs after cancellation or default and the fair value of the MTE at such times in the future, the amount of the obligation is not reasonably determinable. Currently, the City has no plans or intentions to begin cancellation proceedings or expects to default on its obligation.

NOTE 12 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events through December 8, 2022, the date which the financial statements were available for issue, and has noted no reportable subsequent events.



CITY OF SULLIVAN, MISSOURI BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Davis	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues	¢ 450,000	\$ 450,000	\$ 449,070	¢ (020)
Property tax	\$ 450,000			\$ (930)
Sales tax Grant income	1,800,000	1,800,000	1,963,355	163,355
	461,279	461,279	767,014	305,735
Charges for services	503,970	503,970	604,029	100,059
Rental income	130,000	130,000	134,429	4,429
Investment income	60,000	60,000	44,921	(15,079)
Licenses and permits	65,000	65,000	96,864	31,864
Miscellaneous	297,500	297,500	366,103	68,603
Total revenues	3,767,749	3,767,749	4,425,785	658,036
Expenditures Current				
Administrative and general	1,082,070	1,082,070	1,044,883	37,187
Police	2,188,260	2,188,260	2,206,038	(17,778)
Judicial	82,750	82,750	67,527	15,223
Animal control	73,600	73,600	70,257	3,343
Streets	519,900	519,900	424,991	94,909
Airport	202,900	202,900	208,057	(5,157)
Culture and recreation	865,320	865,320	803,365	61,955
Capital outlay	457,000	457,000	49,138	407,862
Total expenditures	5,471,800	5,471,800	4,874,256	597,544
1				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	(1,704,051)	(1,704,051)	(448,471)	1,255,580
Other financing sources (uses)	1 400 000	1 400 000	1 400 120	00.120
Transfers between funds	1,400,000	1,400,000	1,499,139	99,139
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,400,000	1,400,000	1,499,139	99,139
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures and other uses	\$ (304,051)	\$ (304,051)	1,050,668	\$ 1,354,719
Fund balance - beginning			6,777,372	
Fund balance - ending			\$ 7,828,040	

CITY OF SULLIVAN, MISSOURI BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

		Budgeted	Amo	ounts		Actual	Fin	iance With nal Budget Positive
		Original		Final	A	Amounts	(N	Negative)
Revenues								
Sales tax	\$	900,000	\$	900,000	\$	981,677	\$	81,677
Investment income		20,000		20,000		7,850		(12,150)
Total revenues		920,000		920,000		989,527		69,527
Expenditures Current Administrative and general Capital outlay Total expenditures	_	83,000 711,750 794,750		83,000 711,750 794,750	_	87,165 331,620 418,785		(4,165) 380,130 375,965
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	\$	125,250	\$	125,250		570,742	\$	445,492
Fund balance - beginning						2,860,023		
Fund balance - ending					\$	3,430,765		

CITY OF SULLIVAN, MISSOURI BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE ELMONT OVERPASS FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

				Variance With Final Budget
	Rudge	ted Amounts	Actual	Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues		_		
Sales tax	\$ 900,000	900,000	\$ 981,677	\$ 81,677
Interest income	1,200	1,200	7,506	6,306
Miscellaneous	82,000	82,000	88,046	6,046
Total revenues	983,200	983,200	1,077,229	94,029
Expenditures				
Current				
Administrative and general	83,000	83,000	88,222	(5,222)
Capital outlay	-	-	300,000	(300,000)
Total expenditures	83,000	83,000	388,222	(305,222)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	900,200	900,200	689,007	(211,193)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers between funds	(2,500,000	(2,500,000)	-	2,500,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,500,000	<u> </u>	-	2,500,000
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
expenditures and other uses	\$ (1,599,800	(1,599,800)	689,007	\$ 2,288,807
Fund balance - beginning			312,593	
Fund balance - ending			\$ 1,001,600	

CITY OF SULLIVAN, MISSOURI NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

The budget for all governmental fund types and for the expendable trust fund is prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting.

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. In March of each year, the Budget Officer will collect the data necessary, and make preliminary revenue estimates for the coming fiscal year. He/she will estimate expenditures for the present year, and note expenditures and revenues for the previous two (2) fiscal years.
- 2. In May of each year, the Budget Officer will request from each City Officer a statement of expenditures requested for the coming fiscal year.
- 3. In June of each year, the Budget Officer will review the departmental requests and make his/her final revenue estimates for the coming fiscal year, and will confer with department heads to discuss these requests.
- 4. In July of each year, the Budget Officer will begin assembling the City budget.
- 5. In August of each year, the Budget Officer will confer with the Mayor and any such other officers as the Mayor and any such other officers as the Mayor may designate, for preparation of the City budget for the next fiscal year to be submitted to the Board of Aldermen.
- 6. The budget shall be submitted to the Board of Aldermen at the regular meeting in September.
- 7. Amendments may be made by the Board during the year by the same procedures required for its original adoption.
- 8. Appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.

NOTE 2 - EXPENDITURES IN EXCESS OF BUDGET

	I	Budget	 Actual
Elmont Overpass Fund	\$	83,000	\$ 388,222

CITY OF SULLIVAN, MISSOURI COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND FUND BALANCES MODIFIED CASH BASIS NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Motor Fuel		Public Safety		MODAG		
	T	ax Fund		Fund		Fund	 Total
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	529,355	\$	33,625	\$	55,477	\$ 618,457
Total assets	\$	529,355	\$	33,625	\$	55,477	\$ 618,457
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
LIABILITIES							
None	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Total liabilities		-				_	-
FUND BALANCES							
Restricted		529,355		33,625		55,477	618,457
Unassigned		-		_		-	_
Total fund balances (deficit)		529,355		33,625		55,477	618,457
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	529,355	\$	33,625	\$	55,477	\$ 618,457

CITY OF SULLIVAN, MISSOURI COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Motor Fuel		Public Safety		MODAG			
	Tax Fund		Fund		Fund		Total	
REVENUES								
Sales taxes	\$	105,503	\$	309,213	\$	-	\$	414,716
Motor fuel taxes		212,681		-		-		212,681
Miscellaneous		2,602		-		-		2,602
Total revenues		320,786		309,213		-		629,999
EXPENDITURES Current								
Police		-		300,949		-		300,949
Streets		72,701		-		-		72,701
Total expenditures		72,701		300,949		-		373,650
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		248,085		8,264		-		256,349
Fund balances - beginning		281,270		25,361		55,477		362,108
Fund balances - ending	\$	529,355	\$	33,625	\$	55,477	\$	618,457

Federal Compliance Section

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Alderman City of Sullivan, Missouri

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Sullivan, Missouri, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Sullivan, Missouri's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 8, 2022.

Report Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Sullivan, Missouri's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Sullivan, Missouri's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Sullivan, Missouri's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Report Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Sullivan, Missouri's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Fick, Eggemeyer & Williamson

Fick, Eggemeyer, & Williamson, CPA's Saint Louis, Missouri December 8, 2022

CITY OF SULLIVAN, MISSOURI SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements			
Type of auditors' report issued:	Unmodified		
Internal control over financial re	porting:		
Material weaknesses iden	ntified?	Yes	XNo
Significant deficiencies i	dentified?	Yes	XNo
Noncompliance material statements noted?	to financial	Yes	XNo
Federal Awards – N/A			
Internal control over major progr	rams:		
Material weaknesses ider	ntified?	Yes	No
Significant deficiencies i	dentified?	Yes	No
Type of auditors' report issued o	n compliance for major pr	rograms: Unmodified	
Any audit findings disclosed that reported in accordance with Unit	1	Yes	No
Identification of major progra	ms:		
CFDA Numbers	Name of Federal P	rogram or Cluster	
N/A			
Dollar threshold used to Carte A and Type B prog	•	\$ 750,	000
Auditee qualified as low risk and	litee?	Vec	No

CITY OF SULLIVAN, MISSOURI SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Section 1	II -	Financial	Statement	Findings
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There are no reportable conditions to disclose.

Section III - Federal Award Findings

There are no federal award findings to disclose.

CITY OF SULLIVAN, MISSOURI SCHEDULE OF RESOLUTION OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

<u>Prior finding number</u> <u>Condition</u> <u>Current Status</u>

N/A